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1-(2,4-Dichlorobenzylidene)-4-ethylthiosemicarbazide

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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; T = 293 K; mean σ (C–C) = 0.007 Å; R factor = 0.060; wR factor = 0.187; data-to-parameter ratio = 18.7.

The title compound, $C_{10}H_{11}Cl_2N_3S$, was prepared by the reaction of 4-ethylthiosemicarbazide and 2,4-dichlorobenzaldehyde. It is approximately planar, the dihedral angle between the benzene ring and the thiourea unit being 8.43 (18)°. In the crystal, inversion dimers linked by pairs of N-H···S hydrogen bonds generate $R_2^2(8)$ loops.

Related literature

For background to Schiff bases, see: Casas *et al.* (2000). For a related structure, see: Li & Jian (2010).



Experimental

Crystal data

 $C_{10}H_{11}Cl_2N_3S$ V = 1234.4 (4) Å³ $M_r = 276.18$ Z = 4Monoclinic, $P2_1/n$ Mo K α radiationa = 5.4339 (11) Å $\mu = 0.67 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ b = 20.526 (4) ÅT = 293 Kc = 11.313 (2) Å $0.22 \times 0.20 \times 0.18 \text{ mm}$ $\beta = 101.97$ (3)°

Data collection

Bruker SMART CCD diffractometer

10913 measured reflections

Refinement

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.060$ 145 parameters $wR(F^2) = 0.187$ H-atom parameters constrainedS = 0.92 $\Delta \rho_{max} = 0.37$ e Å⁻³2707 reflections $\Delta \rho_{min} = -0.35$ e Å⁻³

2707 independent reflections 1416 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

 $R_{\rm int} = 0.109$

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D - \mathbf{H} \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	D-H	$H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D \cdots A$	$D - \mathbf{H} \cdot \cdot \cdot A$
$N2-H2A\cdots S1^{i}$	0.86	2.56	3.409 (5)	168
Symmetry code: (i) -	-x, -y + 2, -z - z	+ 2.		

Data collection: *SMART* (Bruker, 1997); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker, 1997); data reduction: *SAINT*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL*.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: HB5632).

References

Bruker (1997). SMART and SAINT. Bruker AXS Inc., Madison, Wisconsin, USA.

Casas, J. S., Garcia-T, M. S. & Sordo, J. (2000). Coord. Chem. Rev. 209, 197–261.

Li, Y.-F. & Jian, F.-F. (2010). Acta Cryst. E66, o1399. Sheldrick, G. M. (2008). Acta Cryst. A64, 112–122. supplementary materials

Acta Cryst. (2010). E66, o2550 [doi:10.1107/S1600536810035671]

1-(2,4-Dichlorobenzylidene)-4-ethylthiosemicarbazide

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Comment

Schiff-base have attracted much attention because they can be utilized as effective ligands to be coordination compounds in coordination chemistry. (Casas *et al.*, 2000). As part of our research for new Schiff-base compounds we synthesized the title compound (I), and describe its structure here. In the molecule structure, the dihedral angle between the benzene ring and the thiourea unit is $[8.43 (18)^{\circ}]$.

Bond lengths and angles agree with those observed in a related structure (Li & Jian, 2010).

Experimental

A mixture of 4-ethylthiosemicarbazide (0.1 mol) and 2,4-dichlorobenzaldehyde (0.1 mol) was stirred in refluxing ethanol (30 mL) for 2 h to afford the title compound (0.090 mol, yield 90%). Colourless blocks of (I) were obtained by recrystallization from ethanol at room temperature.

Refinement

H atoms were fixed geometrically and allowed to ride on their attached atoms, with C—H distances=0.97 Å, and with $U_{iso}=1.2-1.5U_{eq}$.

Figures



Fig. 1. The structure of (I) showing 30% probability displacement ellipsoids.

1-(2,4-Dichlorobenzylidene)-4-ethylthiosemicarbazide

Crystal data	
$C_{10}H_{11}Cl_2N_3S$	F(000) = 568
$M_r = 276.18$	$D_{\rm x} = 1.486 {\rm Mg} {\rm m}^{-3}$
Monoclinic, $P2_1/n$	Mo <i>K</i> α radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å

supplementary materials

Hall symbol: -P 2yn a = 5.4339 (11) Å b = 20.526 (4) Å c = 11.313 (2) Å $\beta = 101.97$ (3)° V = 1234.4 (4) Å³ Z = 4

Data collection

Cell parameters from 1416 reflections
$\theta = 3.5 - 27.5^{\circ}$
$\mu = 0.67 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
<i>T</i> = 293 K
Block, colorless
$0.22 \times 0.20 \times 0.18 \text{ mm}$

Bruker SMART CCD diffractometer	1416 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube	$R_{\rm int} = 0.109$
graphite	$\theta_{\text{max}} = 27.5^{\circ}, \ \theta_{\text{min}} = 3.5^{\circ}$
phi and ω scans	$h = -6 \rightarrow 6$
10913 measured reflections	$k = -26 \rightarrow 26$
2707 independent reflections	$l = -14 \rightarrow 14$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2	Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods
Least-squares matrix: full	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.060$	Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
$wR(F^2) = 0.187$	H-atom parameters constrained
<i>S</i> = 0.92	$w = 1/[\sigma^{2}(F_{o}^{2}) + (0.1P)^{2}]$ where $P = (F_{o}^{2} + 2F_{c}^{2})/3$
2707 reflections	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\rm max} < 0.001$
145 parameters	$\Delta \rho_{max} = 0.37 \text{ e} \text{ Å}^{-3}$
0 restraints	$\Delta \rho_{min} = -0.35 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted *R*-factor *wR* and goodness of fit *S* are based on F^2 , conventional *R*-factors *R* are based on *F*, with *F* set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating *R*-factors(gt) *etc*. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. *R*-factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on *F*, and *R*- factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (A^2)

	x	У	Ζ	$U_{\rm iso}*/U_{\rm eq}$
S1	-0.1063 (2)	0.99987 (6)	0.79802 (13)	0.0434 (4)

Cl2	0.7303 (2)	0.85591 (6)	1.34950 (13)	0.0499 (4)
Cl1	1.4115 (2)	0.70212 (6)	1.20880 (15)	0.0558 (4)
N3	0.4756 (6)	0.90330 (15)	0.9707 (4)	0.0355 (9)
N2	0.2667 (7)	0.94274 (17)	0.9454 (4)	0.0390 (9)
H2A	0.2030	0.9583	1.0029	0.047*
N1	0.2795 (7)	0.93533 (18)	0.7450 (4)	0.0410 (10)
H1A	0.4117	0.9118	0.7681	0.049*
C5	0.7795 (7)	0.84768 (18)	1.1156 (4)	0.0317 (10)
C3	0.1623 (7)	0.95672 (19)	0.8288 (4)	0.0324 (10)
C8	1.1713 (8)	0.7596 (2)	1.1742 (5)	0.0381 (11)
C9	1.0643 (8)	0.78286 (19)	1.2644 (5)	0.0393 (12)
H9A	1.1209	0.7695	1.3440	0.047*
C4	0.5640 (8)	0.89200 (19)	1.0829 (5)	0.0373 (11)
H4A	0.4932	0.9114	1.1423	0.045*
C7	1.0936 (9)	0.7793 (2)	1.0562 (5)	0.0418 (12)
H7A	1.1715	0.7632	0.9964	0.050*
C10	0.8684 (8)	0.82717 (19)	1.2342 (4)	0.0332 (10)
C6	0.8994 (8)	0.8232 (2)	1.0276 (5)	0.0384 (11)
H6A	0.8471	0.8368	0.9480	0.046*
C2	0.2011 (10)	0.9487 (3)	0.6169 (5)	0.0492 (13)
H2B	0.2201	0.9949	0.6029	0.059*
H2C	0.0246	0.9377	0.5906	0.059*
C1	0.3510 (11)	0.9109 (3)	0.5440 (6)	0.0641 (16)
H1B	0.2935	0.9209	0.4599	0.096*
H1C	0.3306	0.8651	0.5567	0.096*
H1D	0.5255	0.9223	0.5686	0.096*

Atomic displacement parameters $(Å^2)$

	U^{11}	U ²²	U ³³	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
S1	0.0362 (7)	0.0577 (7)	0.0350 (8)	0.0114 (4)	0.0044 (5)	0.0005 (5)
Cl2	0.0628 (8)	0.0614 (7)	0.0280 (8)	0.0123 (5)	0.0151 (6)	0.0009 (6)
Cl1	0.0561 (8)	0.0551 (7)	0.0546 (11)	0.0202 (5)	0.0078 (7)	0.0014 (6)
N3	0.037 (2)	0.0394 (19)	0.030 (3)	0.0028 (13)	0.0062 (17)	0.0035 (16)
N2	0.039 (2)	0.051 (2)	0.026 (3)	0.0122 (15)	0.0047 (17)	0.0013 (17)
N1	0.037 (2)	0.054 (2)	0.030 (3)	0.0091 (15)	0.0019 (18)	0.0029 (18)
C5	0.039 (2)	0.030 (2)	0.025 (3)	-0.0023 (15)	0.0038 (19)	0.0018 (17)
C3	0.031 (2)	0.040 (2)	0.026 (3)	-0.0020 (16)	0.0043 (19)	-0.0015 (18)
C8	0.040 (2)	0.038 (2)	0.034 (3)	0.0015 (17)	0.003 (2)	-0.0022 (19)
C9	0.045 (3)	0.041 (2)	0.029 (3)	0.0050 (17)	-0.001 (2)	0.0030 (19)
C4	0.038 (2)	0.042 (2)	0.030 (3)	0.0049 (17)	0.004 (2)	-0.0011 (19)
C7	0.045 (3)	0.047 (2)	0.035 (3)	0.0042 (18)	0.012 (2)	-0.007 (2)
C10	0.041 (2)	0.037 (2)	0.022 (3)	0.0003 (16)	0.0089 (19)	-0.0005 (18)
C6	0.045 (3)	0.047 (2)	0.023 (3)	0.0012 (18)	0.005 (2)	-0.003 (2)
C2	0.055 (3)	0.066 (3)	0.025 (3)	0.011 (2)	0.004 (2)	0.004 (2)
C1	0.057 (3)	0.099 (4)	0.038 (4)	0.015 (3)	0.013 (3)	-0.004 (3)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

S1—C3	1.681 (4)	C8—C7	1.376 (7)
Cl2—C10	1.738 (5)	C9—C10	1.388 (6)
Cl1—C8	1.743 (4)	С9—Н9А	0.9300
N3—C4	1.282 (6)	C4—H4A	0.9300
N3—N2	1.375 (5)	С7—С6	1.373 (6)
N2—C3	1.354 (6)	С7—Н7А	0.9300
N2—H2A	0.8600	С6—Н6А	0.9300
N1—C3	1.322 (6)	C2—C1	1.491 (7)
N1—C2	1.449 (7)	C2—H2B	0.9700
N1—H1A	0.8600	C2—H2C	0.9700
C5—C6	1.392 (7)	C1—H1B	0.9600
C5—C10	1.393 (6)	C1—H1C	0.9600
C5—C4	1.468 (6)	C1—H1D	0.9600
C8—C9	1.362 (7)		
C4—N3—N2	115.8 (4)	C6—C7—C8	119.2 (5)
C3—N2—N3	119.2 (4)	С6—С7—Н7А	120.4
C3—N2—H2A	120.4	С8—С7—Н7А	120.4
N3—N2—H2A	120.4	C9—C10—C5	122.1 (4)
C3—N1—C2	124.7 (4)	C9—C10—Cl2	117.8 (4)
C3—N1—H1A	117.7	C5-C10-Cl2	120.2 (3)
C2—N1—H1A	117.7	C7—C6—C5	121.3 (5)
C6—C5—C10	117.3 (4)	С7—С6—Н6А	119.3
C6—C5—C4	120.7 (4)	С5—С6—Н6А	119.3
C10-C5-C4	121.9 (4)	N1—C2—C1	111.9 (4)
N1—C3—N2	117.5 (4)	N1—C2—H2B	109.2
N1—C3—S1	123.6 (4)	C1—C2—H2B	109.2
N2—C3—S1	118.9 (4)	N1—C2—H2C	109.2
C9—C8—C7	122.1 (4)	C1—C2—H2C	109.2
C9—C8—Cl1	119.0 (4)	H2B—C2—H2C	107.9
C7—C8—Cl1	118.8 (4)	C2—C1—H1B	109.5
C8—C9—C10	118.0 (5)	C2—C1—H1C	109.5
С8—С9—Н9А	121.0	H1B—C1—H1C	109.5
С10—С9—Н9А	121.0	C2—C1—H1D	109.5
N3—C4—C5	118.5 (5)	H1B—C1—H1D	109.5
N3—C4—H4A	120.8	H1C—C1—H1D	109.5
C5—C4—H4A	120.8		

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

D—H···A	<i>D</i> —Н	$H \cdots A$	$D \cdots A$	$D -\!\!\!-\!\!\!- \!$
N2—H2A···S1 ⁱ	0.86	2.56	3.409 (5)	168
Symmetry codes: (i) $-x$, $-y+2$, $-z+2$.				

